# Assessment Cycle 2022-23 (Co-Curricular Programs)

## Writing Center

## Mission

The mission of the Writing Center is to serve as a resource on writing for the university community. We help people as they seek to improve their writing by offering positive, constructive responses to their work in any genre or discipline and at any stage of the writing process. We believe that the development of writing abilities is a life-long process, and that writing is a skill and art that enables people to create and communicate ideas.

### Academic Year 2022-23

Writing Center Learning Outcomes

### Outcome 1 MET

Writers will be able to explain what they plan to do next in the writing process.

Post session survey MET Maintain Assessment Strategr   A survey is automatically sent out to students after they have completed a Writing Center session. These surveys are sent at the end of each day Of the 183 returned surveys, 120 (66%) provided written (open text) answers to the provided written set with the end of each day Of the 183 returned surveys, 120 (66%)	
from the scheduling system (WCOnline) to everyone who had an appointment that day. This survey includes the question: "What will you do next with your paper?" which provides an open-text box for students to provide an answer. Indirect - Survey Indirect - Survey Indirect - Survey Other and State (State	

### Writing Center

Session Observations	MET Session Observations			Maintain Assessment Strategy Observations are an essential part of Writing
Observations of session using the observation guide. Twenty 30-minute sessions were observed.				Center practice and assessment, so we will continue to do these. Because our appointments are roughly 50% face-to-face and 50% over Zoom
Direct - Other				we are still working to make the Zoom observations more authentic. We currently do not record those sessions for observations (we have
Target	0%		100%	discussed this as a team, and there is a national conversation about best practices for this in Writir
75% of writers observed will be able to explain what they plan to do next in the writing process.	Met: Not Met:	84% 16%		Center scholarship). For these observations, 7 were conducted on Zoom appointments, where the
Writing Center Session Observation Guide.docx	Met Total: Not Met Total:	84% 16%		writing consultant did not use a headset (but rathe used the computer sound), so I could observe bol sides of the conversation. This is working for now
	Analysis			but we are discussing alternative ways to do this as well.
	identified what they wafter the session (usi resources from the s not identify their next (i.e. "it's due in 5 min one student stayed fo observation I marked explained what he/sf writing process" as the they could drop off the the consultant "fix the they would come bac appointment was spe Writing Center can h do that for their own interested). For the 16 students of steps, all identified an strategy from the ses that they would cont session. 6 students a resources they would making an appointme were going to follow	ppointments, 16 write would do with their dra ing terms, strategies, ession), three studen is steps or said they we vising after the sessio utes, so turn it in") an or only 7 minutes (this d as "NA" for "Writer he plans to do next in hey had expected tha eir paper, leave, and eir mistakes" and ther ck to pick it up ent discussing how the elp the writer learn ho work, but student was who discussed their n t least one revision ssion or area of the pa nue to work on after t also identified additior d seek out (2 identifier ent with librarian and	afts or ts did ere n s the t have have have have sn't e ext apper the hal d	

#### Conclusion

During our weekly trainings and in their reflective writings (we do these 5 times a semester), writing consultants have expressed that writers often do not start their appointments with clear writing goals that break down the process (i.e. their goal may be "I need an A, so I just want to make sure this is good" or "I don't know what I want to work on, just the whole thing"), and often do not know where they are in the process. Our training includes a session framework to help guide conversations with writers to break down the process into manageable goals for the session and also help students develop a sense of process, revision, and how to work through research/feedback/scaffolding activities and develop vocabulary for describing the writing process. We do regular "mock sessions" and roleplaying strategies in training to support conversations around specific revision goals and strategies. We see higher instances of students being able to articulate these specifics when consultants use the last 2-3 minutes summarizing the session discussion and asking students to identify and document in their notes what their next steps will be. Zoom presents some challenges with ensuring that students were actively engaged and taking notes, so we will have and will continue to revise this in training to find practices for synchronous online sessions to engage students in note taking and summarizing the strategies discussed in sessions to help with this.

We have also spent a lot more time in training the last 3 years helping the writing consultants understand how to connect writers to other campus resources (librarians, content area tutoring, Smarthinking/BrainFuse, Career Services, etc.) and their faculty as important opportunities to continue their work through the process. We saw a dip in this around Covid, so it is positive to see these identified in both session observations and written survey feedback.

#### Outcome 2 MET

Writers will demonstrate positive self-efficacy regarding a specific writing task and/or writing generally.

MEASURES	RESULTS	ACTIONS
----------	---------	---------

### Writing Center

Post session survey A survey is automatically sent out to students after they have completed a Writing Center session. These surveys are sent at the end of each day from the scheduling system (WCOnline) to everyone who had an appointment that day. Indirect - Survey Target	MET <u>Screenshot 2023-12-30 162318.png</u> Analysis 183 post-session surveys were completed. 86% (158 responses) indicated that they felt "more confident than before the session." 12% (22 responses) indicated that they felt "about the same," and 2% (3 responses) indicated that they felt "less confident than before the session).	Maintain Assessment Strategy Continue with current methods and continue to specifically discuss strategies in training to support this outcomechecking in with writers' understanding throughout session, goal setting and debriefing at beginning and end of session, making sure students are using/understanding their course materials (assignment sheets, rubrics, etc.), scaffolding for assignment (class notes, drafts, peer reviews, etc.), and faculty feedback (office hours, draft feedback, etc.)
80% will express higher confidence after their session.	We've seen a decline in students' reported confidence after sessions, which has continued a trend that we have seen reported in this survey since the pandemicthe three years prior to the pandemic we saw 91-94% of respondents indicating they were more confident after their session. This is also a decline from 21-22 data (90%). We do not see higher levels of students indicating that they feel less confident, however.	

#### Conclusion

As indicated previously, we see a decline in students' reported confidence after sessions, which has continued a trend that we have seen reported in this survey especially since the pandemic. We do not see an increase in students identifying that they feel less confident, rather that they leave the session feeling about the same. Student engagement has shifted since the pandemic, as well as due to the introduction of easy to use generative AI (spring of 23). We see this nationally in Writing Center scholarship and continue to work to address these issues in training and resources used in sessions. Our training continues to focus on methods for helping students set achievable goals for the session, discuss transfer of strategies discussed to writers' other assignments/tasks and to their writing practice more broadly, and for breaking down the assignment into more manageable parts so students can focus on skills needed at different parts of the process. In the "post-pandemic" context, we have also incorporated more training that comes from a trauma-informed approach, with the goal of helping students address writing anxiety or avoidance, which we are seeing an increase of stress, anxiety, and feelings of being very overwhelmed expressed by writers in sessions.

We have also seen an increase in faculty requiring students to bring their work to the Writing Center, which often leads to students attending without an interest or engagement in the session besides fulfilling the requirement. We find that they tend to express a more neutral experience of the Writing Center. I continue to work with faculty through the Writing Across the Curriculum part of the program to talk about best practices for encouraging Writing Center sessions and helping set realistic expectations for appointments and how to be prepared to make the most of their time.